## **Upper Canada Notes**

## Life in Upper Canada

colonists.

•	In the 19 <sup>th</sup> Century, Upper Canada was the	in British North America.	
•	Upper Canada colonist had strong ties with the British Empire and the War of 1812 strengthened these ties.		
•	Many of the leaders in Upper Canada were British Loyalist ()		
•	Their goal was to unite the colony under and _	·	
Daily I	ife for the Colonists		
•	Life was much different then today.		
•	No,,,	_•	
•	People depended on each other and tight communities were formed. People looked forward to,, or even getting together to build schools of other structures.		
•	The goal of the people that came to Upper Canada was to own land.		
•	Farmer's to buy supplies.		
•	Colonist depended on a barter economy	)	
Social	Structure		
•	Social class played an important role in Upper Canada.		
•	Many of the rich settlers .		
•	As the Upper Class tried to use their wealth and power it crea	ited conflict with the poor	

## The Problem of Land

•	People came to Upper Canada in search for,,,,,		
•	Most of the land was taken by or	·	
•	The good farm land was owned by the made up the executive council after 1812).	_ (upper class officials who	
•	Colonists could only afford land in th	at had	
•	The problems of Social Structure become one of the major causes of the		
	··		
Crown	n and Clergy Reserves		
•	Land was sent aside by the and the		
•	This land was to be sold or rented.		
•	This land made up of all the land in Upper Canada.		
The Ro	cole of the British Government		
•	Britain wanted Upper Canada to be a reflection of their and		
•	Placed Aristocrats () as leaders in the colony.		
•	Immigrants felt people should succeed on their own		
•	Many immigrants favored the American style of democracy.		
•	To make matter worse, governments in both Upper and Lower Canada allowed		
	speculators		
	(		
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